



## **Surge arrester**

3-electrode arrester

**Series/Type:** T83-A350X  
**Ordering code:** B88069X8690B502  
Version/Date: Issue 07 / 2011-01-28

**Features**

- Standard size
- Fast response time
- Very high current rating
- Stable performance over life
- Very low capacitance
- High insulation resistance
- RoHS-compatible

**Applications**

- Line protection
- Station protection
- Branch exchange (MDF)

**Electrical specifications**

DC spark-over voltage <sup>1) 2) 3)</sup>	350 ± 20	V %
Impulse spark-over voltage <sup>3)</sup>		
at 100 V/μs - for 99 % of measured values	< 700	V
- typical values of distribution	< 600	V
at 1 kV/μs - for 99 % of measured values	< 900	V
- typical values of distribution	< 800	V
Service life <sup>4)</sup>		
10 operations      50 Hz, 1 s	10	A
1 operations      50 Hz, 0.18 s (9 cycles)	50	A
10 operations      8/20 μs	10	kA
1 operation       8/20 μs	15	kA
1 operation       10/350 μs	5	kA
300 operations    10/1000 μs	200	A
Insulation resistance at 100 V <sub>DC</sub> <sup>3)</sup>	> 10	GΩ
Capacitance at 1 MHz <sup>3)</sup>	< 1.5	pF
Transverse delay time <sup>5)</sup>	< 0.2	μs
Arc voltage at 1 A	~ 30	V
Glow to arc transition current	~ 1	A
Glow voltage	~ 200	V
Weight	~ 2	g
Operation and storage temperature	-40 ... +90	°C
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	40/ 90/ 21	
Marking, red negative	<b>EPCOS</b> <b>350 YY O</b> 350 - Nominal voltage YY - Year of production O - Non radioactive	

<sup>1)</sup> At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859

<sup>2)</sup> In ionized mode

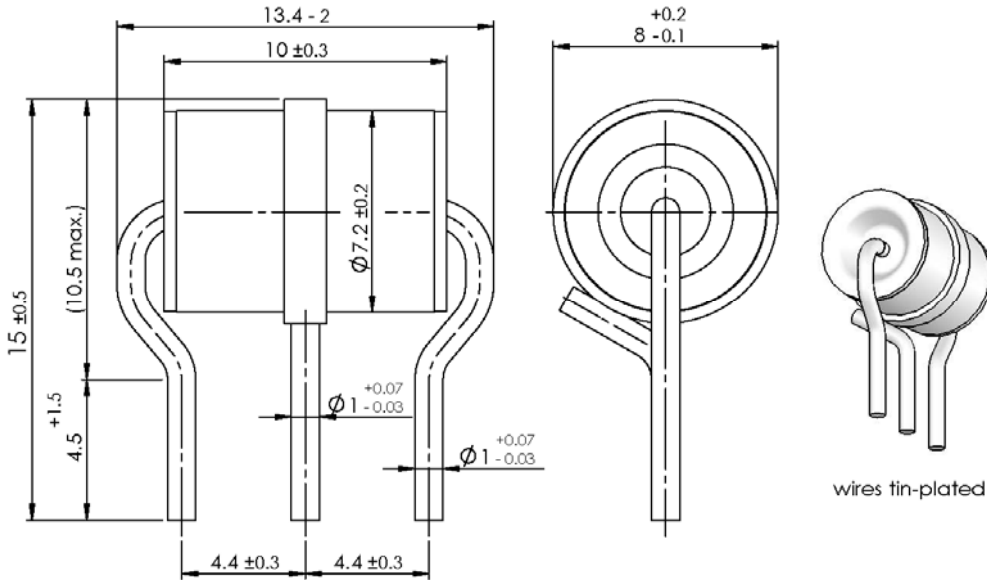
<sup>3)</sup> Tip or ring electrode to center electrode

<sup>4)</sup> Total current through center electrode, half value through tip respectively ring electrode.

<sup>5)</sup> Test according to ITU-T Rec. K.12

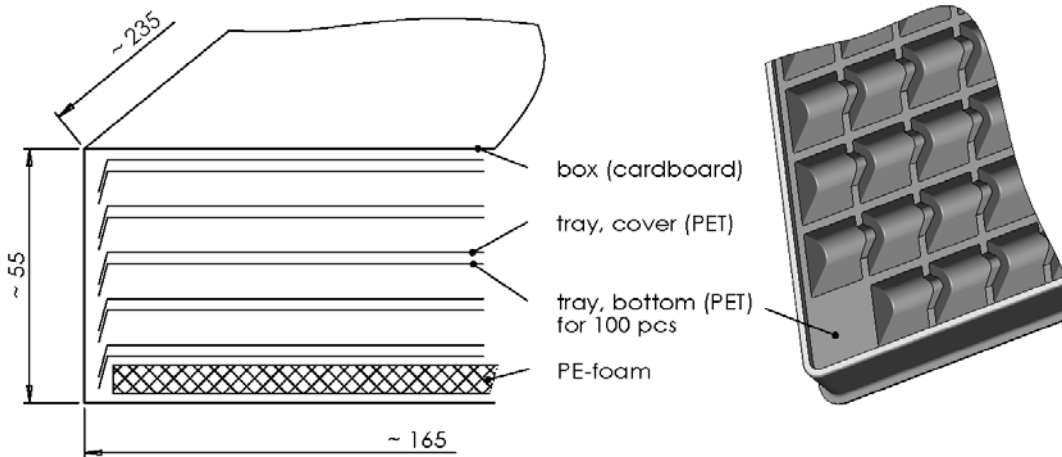
Terms in accordance with ITU-T Rec. K.12 and DIN 57845/VDE0845

Dimensional drawing in mm



Ordering code and packing advice

B88069X8690B502 = 500 pcs on trays



Cautions and warnings

- Surge arresters must not be operated directly in power supply networks.
- Surge arresters may become hot in case of longer periods of current stress (danger of burning).
- Surge arresters may be used only within their specified values. In case of overload, the head contacts may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.

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